Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

| • | | |
|---|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |



Why REED'S Specialized Seeds are better ... more dependable!

Forty-one years adds up to a lot of experience. For those 41 years, we have furnished you with the highest quality, most productive seed we could grow. Your continued business has proved to us that our policy of continued improvement, constant experimentation to produce seed with better yield, is really worth while.

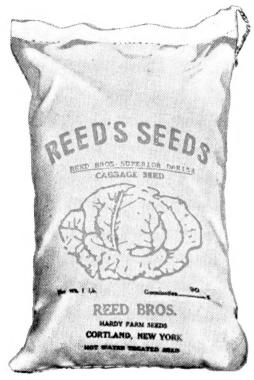
One example of a seed which we call the Queen of the Reed strains, is the REED'S IMPROVED GLORY cabbage strain. Many of you have reported yields of as much as 40 tons per acre. Truly, performance like this is your assurance that in REED'S SEEDS you get the very best that money can buy.

INDEX

| Reed's Superior Danish | 3 |
|--|-----|
| Reed's Red Danish, New Early Red, Danish No. 22, Penn State Ballhead | 4 |
| Reed's Improved Glory | 5 |
| Early Cortland, Early Jersey Wakefield, Copenhagen Market, Golden Acre, Yellows Resistant Varieties | 6 |
| Tips on Cabbage Culture | 8 |
| Hardy Red Clover | 9 |
| Hardy Alfalfa, Alsike Clover, Ladino Clover, Timothy, Birdsfoot Trefoil | 9 |
| New Mohawk Oats, Clinton Oats, New Clinton 59 Oats1 | 10 |
| Mohawk Oats and Alpha Barley Mixed; a new grain mixture 1 | 1.1 |
| Ceresan — for Seed Treatment 1 | 1 1 |
| New Hybrid Silo Corns | 1:2 |
| Hybrid Husking Corns 1 | 15 |
| Plant Setters, Cabbage Knives, Harrow Points 1 | 16 |

Reed's

Superior Danish



Look for the distinctive white bag printed in green.

This is a late Danish variety well known to most of you. It is notable as one of the very best yielding strains on the market today.

GROWTH CHARACTERISTICS

Reed's Superior Danish is an exceptionally short-stemmed variety. Many Growers desire this feature because they know it is a strain which produces larger heads and a minimum of heavy stem. This fine strain is out of the experimental stage and has been bred long enough to insure uniform goodness throughout the yield. The heads are deep and the wrapper leaves extend nearly across the head—an especially desirable feature for cabbage which is to be stored for any length of time.

EVERY PLANT A HEAD

Given a normal chance, every plant will produce a marketable head . . . a very important reason why so many farmers prefer REED SEEDS. The average yield is very much superior to that of average seed available in today's market.

A FREE GROWER

The final pay-off in growing a crop of cabbage comes in the total tonnage of marketable cabbage. We like to use a vigorous growing strain like the Superior Danish, set the plants close enough in the row to govern the size and then watch it grow. This gives an enormous tonnage of marketable heads that the dealers and markets want. Year after year you will find that cabbage from Reed's seed will be easier to sell. The market wants a firm, high quality cabbage. Use Reed's Superior Danish and increase your profits.

Price—1 lb. \$8.00; ½ lb. \$4.00; ¼ lb. \$2.25; oz. 60¢. Postpaid.

As alike as peas in a pod. There is hardly an ounce difference in the weight of these heads. Note the exceptionally deep heads with large overlapping leaves.



Reed's

RED DANISH

NEW SEED — HOT WATER TREATED

Grown in the North

To many this high quality, heavy yielding red needs no introduction. We know of no other strain on the market which will yield as much as 20 tons per acre of good marketable cabbage. This past year several fields ran as high as this.

Color is a big item in a red strain. This one has a good even dark color all through the head. Someone remarked that even the roots were red. It is very popular with the pickle men as well as the fresh market.

Price—1 lb. \$8.00; ½ lb. \$4.00; ¼ lb. \$2.25; oz. 60¢.

NEW EARLY RED

During the past few years there has been a demand for a really good early red strain. To meet this demand we have selected an early type which not only yields well but also has very nice color. The leaves fit very tightly around the head. Maturity is about 10 days ahead of our regular strain but heads are forming long before this.

Price—1 lb. \$8.00; ½ lb. \$4.00; ¼ lb. \$2.25; 1 oz. 60ϕ .

REED'S Danish No. 22

HOT WATER TREATED - NORTHERN GROWN

A HEAVY YIELDING VARIETY

This popular variety is a very free grower and will stand liberal amounts of fertilizer. It should be spaced closer than common strains of Danish to insure medium sized heads. This gives added tonnage per acre. When a slow growing strain of Danish is used, more field space is required. Hence the return from your cabbage is more when you use the above Danish.

EXCELLENT LEAF LAP

To insure freedom from bursting, we select those heads which have an excellent leaf lap. This greatly strengthens the top of the head and allows the heads to gain their full weight. This greatly increases the return per acre.

Price—Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.75; ½ lb. \$3.00; 1 lb. \$6.00. Postpaid.

PENN STATE BA'LHEAD

The true stock for this strain was secured direct from the Pennsylvania State College and therefore is second generation seed. The type of head is flatter than our own special strains and consequently the yields would not be quite as great. However it is a good strain.

Price—Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.75; ½ lb. \$3.00; 1 lb. \$6.00.

Reed's Improved Glory



A RECORD YIELDING VARIETY

This high yielding strain of cabbage is often called Glory of Enkhuizen. We like to call it the "Queen of the Reed, strains." It has all the desirable features which go to make up a real cabbage strain. It is a very free grower and will stand and repay the cost of almost unlimited amounts of fertilizer. There is seldom a cracked head in an entire field of Reed's Glory.

A SAUERKRAUT SPECIAL

This strain has long been popular with the kraut factories. The heads are very large, firm and compact as a rock. When it is made into kraut it gives a long, finely textured shred; just what the public wants.

A REAL MONEY MAKER

Many users have told us that they have made money with this strain even when cabbage are cheap. They get such an enormous yield that it show a profit even in an off year.

Price—1 lb. \$6.00; ½ lb. \$3.00; ¼ lb. \$1.75; 1 oz. 50c; pkt. 10c.

This strain was developed to meet the growing demand for a cabbage for kraut and early shipping. It has a very deep round head, and is nearly as free from bursting as our Glory. The season is just after Copenhagen or at a time when the kraut men want cabbage to use for early kraut.

Price—lb. \$6.00; ½ lb. \$3.00; ½ lb. \$1.75; 1 oz. 50c; pkt. 10c. Postpaid.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD

NORTH AMERICAN GROWN — TREATED SEED

Price—Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.25; ½ lb. \$2.00; 1 lb. \$4.00. Postpaid.

COPENHAGEN MARKET

HOT WATER TREATED - NORTHERN GROWN

An old standard variety. This very popular fall Cabbage is used extensively for early fall shipping and kraut. It is also well adapted for the market gardener and roadside stands.

Price—1 lb. \$5.00; ½ lb. \$2.50; ¼ lb. \$1.50; oz. 40c; pkt. 10c. Postpaid. See terms on order sheet.

EARLY GOLDEN ACRE

This valuable variety is gaining in popularity. It is a very early maturing cabbage selection and was developed to meet a demand for a cabbage coming between Copenhagen Market and Early Jersey Wakefield.

The first heads should be ready in 70-75 days or about 10 days before Copenhagen Market. Shape of head and habit of growth are similar to it. Thick setting will give a heavy tonnage per acre.

Price—Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.50; ½ lb. \$2.50; 1 lb. \$5.00. Postpaid. See terms on order sheet.

EXCELLENT Perfected to Resist the YELLO

Marion Market This is the very popular Yellows Resistant variety. It matures in about 2½ months, and is especially adapted for early fall shipments. It is used successfully for kraut.

Price—lb. \$6.00; 1/2 lb. \$3.00; 1/4 lb. \$1.75; 1 oz. 50c; pkt. 10c. postpaid.

This is one of the most suitable varieties Wisconsin All Seasons to grow for Kraut. It is very uniform, eighly resistant and stands heavy fertilization—An all around good

rice—lb. \$5.90; ½ lb. \$2.95; ¼ lb. \$1.75; oz. 50c; pkt. 10c.

This strain is a good Danish type. Wisconsin Hollander No.8 highly resistant and a good yielder. It can be held for storage if so desired.

Price—\$6.00 per lb.; \$3.00 per ½ lb.; \$1.75 per ¼ lb.; 50c per oz.; 10c per pkt.

Tips on Cabbage Culture

to help you harvest a record crop

We are so frequently asked about our methods of cabbage culture that we have decided to print the following general suggestions:

From one year to another about ½ lb. of seed for each acre to be set is recommended. In some years you may have a few extra plants. If so put up a sign "Cabbage plants from Reed's Seed for sale," and we wager you will sell more than enough to pay for your seed.

Cabbage thrives in almost any soil that is reasonably dry. However, those of gravelly nature are apt to lack moisture in a dry season. Low lands which flood are pretty sure to contain the slim mold disease "Club Root" and should not be used for cabbage or cabbage plants. A great many growers prefer sod ground, but the crop may be grown successfully upon land which has been used for other crops. If it is necessary to plant a cabbage crop in soil which was used for a cabbage-family crop the year previous it is advisable to use a more liberal supply of fertilizer.



It is poor policy to permit stock to roam freely around the farm, if your cabbage growing is to be successful. Animals scatter diseased manure and track the resultant diseased dirt to new fields.

IMPORTANT: SOIL SHOULD NEVER BE USED FOR CABBAGE PLANTS OR CABBAGE CROP GROWING MORE THAN ONCE IN FIVE OR SIX YEARS—WITHOUT TESTING!

The greatest tonnage is secured by sowing the seed and setting the plants EARLY. For Central New York this would make the seed sowing the fore part of May and setting about the middle of June. Cabbage for storage can be set June 20th to July 1st in New York State.

Locating the seed bed where it is exposed to the WEST or NORTH wind is advised in controlling the cabbage magget and flea beetle, as early insects hover in warm spots and shun cold locations. Avoid ground containing mustard, old gardens or rich spots around buildings.

Many DO NOT put the crop or seed bed upon the same ground oftener than once in six years, as club root is liable to develop. Club root isn't carried on the seed. Do not use manure from stock eating cabbage or cabbage leaves. Plowing or dragging a seed bed with tools which have just been used on an old cabbage field is apt to spread disease.

For a seed bed shown broadcast, use 3,000 sq. ft. of ground per lb. of seed. Apply to this spot 100 lbs. of some complete fertilizer, such as 5-10-5. Broadcast the fertilizer and drag it in. Avoid the excessive use of fertilizer, especially nitrogen. Sow the seed shallow, doing the work only when the ground is dry. Seed sown in rows can be treated for the cabbage maggots. 25 to 30 seeds per foot, is about right.

Plants growing too slow about June 1st, may be hastened by scattering on a little nitrate of soda. Five lbs. for every 3,000 sq. ft. is about right. Apply just as it starts to rain if possible.

This pest is quite successfuly kept in check by sowing Calomel with the seed or treating the young plants very early in their growth with several applications of corrosive sublimate solution. For detailed instructions ask for the bulletin from the N. Y. State College of Agriculture, Department of Entomology, Ithaca, N. Y., "Control of the Cabbage Maggot."

D. D. T., Rotenone Dust (or a 25%-75% mixture of lead arsenate and lime) will give good control. Use a hand duster, or a power outfit for large acreages.

For average land use 12 to 15 tons manure per acre, and 500-700 lbs. of fertilizer. If no manure is at hand, or land is low in fertility, use liberal amount of complete fertilizer. Fertilizer may be sowed broadcast or in bands each side of the row.

Fertilization is one of the important things in cabbage culture, as the texture, shape and size of heads in a strain can be greatly changed by the lack or over-supply of fertilizer. Usually the hill lands or knolls in a field will need more fertilizer and one higher in nitrogen than the flat or valley lands. We doubt the advisability of using much nitrogen on the richer lowlands or where clover or alfalfa sod is used for cabbage. For farms where potash has not been used generally, a little should be added to the cabbage fertilizer to round out the crop and help prevent tip burn (leaf blight).

Fall or early spring plowing is always desirable, then AS SOON AS THE GROUND IS FIT IN THE SPRING, DRAG IT OVER. Keep dragging once a week until setting time and you will conserve all the early spring moisture, also germinate and kill most of the weeds in your soil. DON'T plow, drag, or set cabbage when the ground is too wet.

Late setting, late fitting and improper fertilization always spell poor crops. Growing 20 to 30 tons of cabbage per acre means a plant growth of 30 to 40 tons. Remember no plant can take from the soil for its growth what is not there to take.

Size of Heads. This is becoming VERY IMPORTANT. In many sections dealers are paying \$2.00 per ton more for heads of proper size. The grower can govern the size of heads almost entirely by TIME OF SETTING, PROPER SPACING, PROPER FERTILIZATION AND MOISTURE CONTROL.

Our strains of Danish are free growers and will stand a little thicker setting. This gives ENORMOUS YIELDS. We prefer setting in rows both ways. If our ground is well fertilized and the plants are ready early, we space the rows 30 inches apart one way by 20 inches the other. This uses about 10,600 plants per acre. One setting early on rich, well fertilized bottom land might space 30 inches by 18, using about 11,500 plants per acre. For conditions not as favorable, rows may be 3 ft. by 20 inches, using about 8,700 plants per acre or 3 ft. by 24 inches, using about 7,200. Gravel soil requires wider spacing of plants, more fertilizer and better moisture control.

Our setting dates in Central New York are from June 10th to 20th. July set Danish seldom makes very heavy yields. However, if one has taken pains to fit his ground and weather conditions and furnish sufficient moisture, good crops may result. Early setting brings a crop to its fullest maturity, but where call age is intended for storage those not too ripe are just as desirable. Unusual rethick setting retards maturity somewhat.

usual r thick setting retards maturity somewhat.

The market demands a medium sized head, 3 to 6 pounds. Please the

trade and it will patronize you.

Shallow cultivation is most desirable. When the leaves are large, choose the heat of the day to prevent breaking them. Use a walking cultivator with hoe steels for rear teeth, which extends horizontally under the leaves. Continue cultivation until weeds are controlled. Do not cultivate deep as it will injure the roots and dry out the soil.



Hardy Red Clover

GENUINE OLD FASHIONED TWO-CUTTING MEDIUM RED

Medium Red Clover was a fairly short crop and supplies of good adapted seed are rather limited. It will be well to order your seed early and not take a chance of having to sow poorly adapted Seed.

Price—\$38.00 per 60 lb. bu.; ½ bu. \$19.50; 1 pk. \$9.95. Freight Prepaid.

BUY ONLY ADAPTED SEED

HARDY SEED—NORTHERN GROWN GRIMM ALFALFA

Alfalfa seed continues to be scarce. We are fortunate in having a supply of fine quality seed. Order early and be sure of your adapted seed.

Price—\$42.00 per bu. 60 lbs.; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$21.50; 1 pk. \$10.75. Freight prepaid.

GENUINE CANADIAN GROWN SEED— FINE QUALITY ONTARIO VARIEGATED ALFALFA

This is a natural cross between Grimm and hardy acclimated strains in Canada. It is a very thrifty grower and is fully adapted to our Northeast conditions. It will stay longer than most strains of alfalfa.

Price—\$42.00 per bu.; ½ bu. \$21.50; 1 Pk. \$10.75. Freight prepaid.

ALSIKE CLOVER

REED BROS.' ALSIKE CLOVER comes from the same source as our Red Clover and Hardy Alfalfa. Therefore it is acclimated to your conditions. Purity 99% or better. This is excellent seed. Why buy weeds in your grass seed? Most of us have enough without planting them.

Price—\$28.00 per bu.; \$14.50 per $\frac{1}{2}$ bu.; \$7.25 per pk. Freight prepaid.

LADINO CLOVER

A wonderful new perennial white clover. Sow as little as one lb. per acre in your seeding mixture. It makes fine hay and after feed. Excellent for pastures.

Price—\$2.35 per lb.—Postpaid.

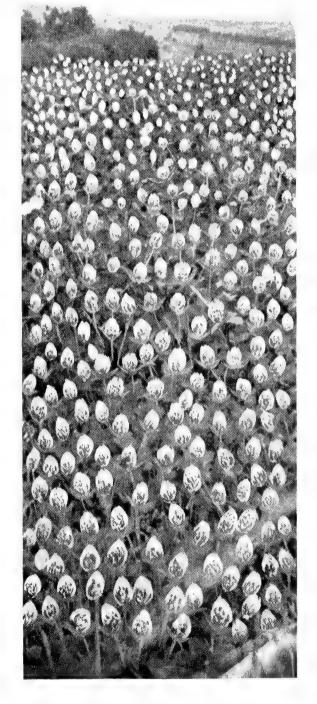
TIMOTHY

Fancy—99.80% Purity. THE BEST OBTAINABLE.

BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL

Hardy, broadleaf type. A new pasture plant. Sow five pounds per acre with six pounds of Timothy. Seed must be inoculated.

Price—\$2.95 per lb., postpaid, including inoculation.



New MOHAWK OATS

Brand New Stock Seed

The Mohawk Seed we are offering you this year is an improved selection. It has been thoroughly rogued and will give you a much more uniform crop.

This fine new oat variety was developed by the New York State College of Agriculture at Ithaca, N. Y., to meet the need for a variety of oats which would resist rust and blight. It is one of the highest yielding oats yet developed. The straw is medium in height, very stiff and stocky.

EXCELLENT FOR COMBINES

The combine is becoming more and more popular, and up until now thousands of bushels of grain have been lost, because the oats went down before they could be harvested. With these new Mohawks you can let the grain get dead ripe without worrying about their lodging. They are an excellent companion crop for establishing new seedings.

HEAVY TEST WEIGHT-CERTIFIED SEED

A bushel of these new oats will weigh like lead. They are very plump and meaty. There are no light oats. Our seed this year is Certified, weighs well over 40 lbs. per measured bushel and is very bright and nice. There is no mustard on our seed farms. You will be very pleased with the quality of this seed.

Price—\$1.90 per bu., F.O.B., Cortland, N. Y. Bags free.

Much that has been said about the Mohawk oat applies to the CLINTON OATS Clinton oat. They are bred along the same line. The Mohawks will yield a little better under normal conditions.

Price—\$1.95 per bu., F.O.B., Cortland, N. Y. Certified Seed.

An improved selection which is doing better than the regu-NEW CLINTON 59 lar Clintons. Only a small amount of seed available.

Price—\$2.25 per bu., f.o.b., Cortland, N. Y.

COURTESY N. Y. STATE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE



LEFT-New Mohawk.

RIGHT-Old Type.

Tested Mixture for Good Home Grown Feed MOHAWK OATS & ALPHA BARLEY-MIXED

For years we have been looking for the right combination of grain for an ideal mixture. We now have two varieties which mature at the same time. One of the best ways to cut down on expenses and increase your profits is to grow some of this mixture. It runs about 30% barley, and grain from this seed can be ground and used for 50% or more of your feeding mixture. You can thus cut your feed bills in half.

Price-\$5.95 per cwt., f.o.b., Cortland, N. Y. Bags free.

Alpha Barley

This is one of the very best grains to use as a nurse crop for either clover or alfalfa as it does not require so much moisture for heavy straw development. It has a good stiff straw, and will not smother out young seeding. A better catch of seeding usually results on land cropped heavily, as is the case with cabbage ground, if barley is used as a nurse crop.

YIELD RECORDS

Alpha Barley averaged 42.9 bushels per acre for seven years grown in several different New York counties. It outyielded all the other improved strains. Beardless and barbless varieties did not yield within 3 to 11 bushels as much.

CERTIFIED SEED-SMUT FREE

Our crop this year was grown from hot water treated seed and is nearly $100\,\%$ free of smut. This is a good opportunity to change your seed.

Price—\$2.70 per bu. of 48 lbs., f.o.b., Cortland, N. Y. Jute bags free. Double sacking 10c per bu. extra. Our seed was grown from certified stock and is unusually nice. (no mustard on our Farm.)

Correct Seed Treatment

IS GOOD CROP

CERESAN — For oats, wheat and barley — controls smut — use only ½ oz. per bu. of seed. Price: 4 oz. 35c; 1 lb. 90c.



INOCULATION — It pays to inoculate your clover, alfalfa and soybeans. Inoculating a crop helps the plants put nitrogen into your soil. This not only increases your hay or cover crop but also helps the crops the next year.

Price: Clover or alfalfa (specify, bu. size 50c. Soybeans: 2 bu. size, 30c.

Grow Adapted Hybrids For Your Silo

They give you extra grain
CERTIFIED SEED



HYBRID CORN

Cornell 29-3 is a high yielding hybrid, most suitable for silage at elevations of 600 to 1200 feet. The ears are long, the cob is small and the kernels of different colors. Silage from this corn is especially high in grain content, and you can not go far wrong in planting part of your acreage to this well known Hybrid.

Price—\$8.25 per bu. large flats, large rounds \$5.00 per bu.

REED'S DUAL Purpose Hybrid Seed Corn

BOTH SILAGE AND GRAIN

This fine hybrid is just a day or so later than 29-3. It is a yellow dent variety which has a wonderful stiff stalk. Many farmers will plant this corn for silage and then after their silos are full, leave the rest of the field to husk for grain. The cob is exceptionally small and the kernels very deep.

Price—\$8.75 per bu, large flats.

(Continued on page 15)

REED BROS. — Cabbage Seed Specialists

Cortland, N.Y.

(PLEASE WRITE OR PRINT PLAINLY)

| Gentle | men: | | | Date | , 195 | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Please forward to | | | to | Name | | | | | |
| the address at right, the items listed below. | | | , | | | | | | |
| tne ite | ems 11s | tea be | low. | Street or R. D | | | | | |
| Check | | | | Post Office | | | | | |
| how yo | ou [|] Mail | ı | Freight or Express Office | | | | | |
| want | | Exp | ress | (if different from P. O.) | • | | | | |
| shipme | ent [|] Frei | ight | Terms:— Goods sent any date you wish. C.O.D. for been doubled. Avoid this expense by enclosing cash with | ees have | | | | |
| guarante for this and upo | ee or givends depends n prope | ve our a s partly r cultiva to be re | gents p upon c ation, v turned | part to furnish you with the best seed possible, but we do not bermission to guarantee, the resulting crop on any seeds that wonditions of the soil, climate, and weather, which are beyond which is up to you. If the purchaser does not accept our see at once and the purchase price will be cheerfully refunded. Proceedings of the purchase price will be cheerfully refunded. | in any way we send out, our control, | | | | |
| | QUAI | NTITY | 1 | | PRICE | | | | |
| PKTS. | ozs. | LBS. | BUS. | NAMES OF SEEDS OR OTHER ARTICLES WANTED | · c | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| spaces b | elow the | e names | and a | ANY STRAIN—FREE! To customers ordering \$2.00 more, of cabbage seed: W ddresses of five men who grow at least 1 acre cabbage, and we list. Please don't send names you have sent before. | rite in the | | | | |
| Name | (Please | print n | ames) | Address | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

The Summer and Fall seasons of 1949 were among the most unusual in the history of Northeastern U. S. Farm Country. Despite the drought during the summer, frosts held off until well into October. Consequently, corn matured exceptionally well for silage and grain.

Many of the early hybrids were nearly dry enough to shell and many of the late ones produced corn which is keeping remarkably well. Yes, 1949 was a wonderful year. We hope Mother Nature will be as bountiful in 1950. It's just good business though, not to trust too much to luck in matters of farming. Good seed helps make good crops. That's why it pays you to plant the early hybrids for grain, (#335 and #355). Then, to increase your yield, plan to use the next maturing group (29-3, Dual Purpose and Ohio M-15 hybrids) for silage and possibly for grain after your silos are filled.

CHOOSE THE HYBRID THAT
MATURES IN YOUR LOCALITY

QUALITY SEED FOR TOP YIELD PER ACRE

Hybrid Corn (Continued)

OHIO M-15

A highly recommended corn for silage at elevations from 600 to 1200 feet, Ohio M-15 can be used safely for grain in most of Pennsylvania, western New York and valleys of low elevation. It matures about four or five days later than 29-3. It is a hybrid rich in grain content with a tall leafy stalk even at the hard dough stage of development.

Price—\$8.75 per bu. large flats.

OHIO K-24

An excellent hybrid for late silage. This should be used in New York State only in valleys of low elevation. It is excellent for silage in Pennsylvania, but a little late for grain.

Price—\$8.75 per bu. large flats.

WEST BRANCH SWEEPSTAKES

This is still one of the most popular open pollinated varieties. It is a little later than 29-3 and grows taller. Yields heavy for silage.

Price—\$5.50 per bu.

HYBRID HUSKING CORNS

NEW CERTIFIED WISCONSIN 335

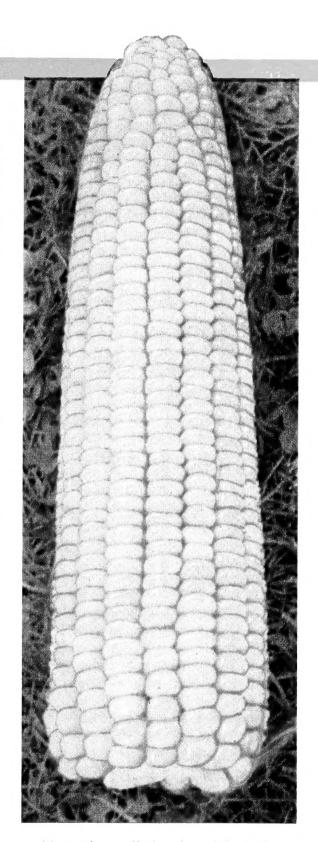
This is one of the most highly rated early maturing Hybrids. It is excellent for grain at elevations of 700 to 1200 feet and good for silage above 1200 feet. The stalks are very green, upright and leafy.

Price—\$8.75 per bu.

CORNELL 355

A yellow dent corn which ripens about 10 days ahead of 29-3. The stalks are very stiff and medium short.

Price-\$8.75 per bu.



Note the well developed kernels from Reed's Seed.

MASTER'S RAPID PLANT SETTER

The most practical tool for transplanting CABBAGE, TOMATOES, CAULI-FLOWER, TOBACCO, SWEET POTATOES, PEPPERS, and all similar plants.

Each plant is set, watered and covered at one operation. There is no stooping or bending over. All the tedious, hard labor of hand setting is done away with. One man can set and water more plants than three can by hand, and EVERY PLANT LIVES.

Time saved with one of these setters more than pays for original cost. The crop is checkrowed, allowing cultivation both ways, giving better market quality without laborious hand weeding. THIS IS THE ONLY CORRECT WAY TO SET PLANTS. Every nurseryman and gardener will tell you to use exactly this principle. SEAL THE ROOTS TO THE UNDER SOIL BY THE USE OF WATER. THEN MULCH THE SURFACE TO PREVENT EVAPORATION.

We have set over 20 acres of cabbage a year for many

years, using these hand setters entirely.

Plants may be carried in a basket attached to your belt or a strap over your shoulder. This leaves one hand free to drop plants and the other to work the setter. One man can easily average 1,000 plants an hour.

Price—\$9.00 each Postpaid.

Cut Your Cutting Time with One of Reed's STEEL CABBAGE KNIVES

Once again we are able to make these fine steel cutting knives. One stroke of the knife and the cabbage is ready to go. No cut or bruised knuckles.

Price \$1.50 each. Postpaid.

STEEL HARROW POINTS

Put on a set of our IMPROVED STEEL POINTS and make your harrow as good as new. LATELY MADE HEAVIER FOR TRACTOR USE. Will wear much longer than old style.

Absolutely guaranteed not to break or come off. Can be put on in 10

minutes. Simply tighten the set screw until it is snug; then hit a light blow with a hammer to embed set screw into Fit any harrow metal. tooth. Horse drawn or tractor. We have used them for years on both team and tractor harrows. Take our word "They are no toy." One new reversible point will wear as long as two new

Price only 55¢ each, transportation paid. Points are mailable; Points weigh 1 lb. each. (Supply limited.)



REED BROS. - Cabbage Seed Specialists

Headquarters Farm, Warehouse, Office: CORTLAND, N. Y.